Related Issue 1 Unit Exam



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MULTIPLE CHOICE

Use the following information to answer question 1 and 2.

One never challenged the decision of the monarch because it was believed that to do so was akin to questioning God himself. It was believed that the leader was placed in power by God, and therefore he should be able to rule unchallenged.

As God's powers were unlimited, it was argued that there should be no restrictions or limits placed on the monarch's powers, they should be able to make whatever decisions, in any area, they saw fit.

It was also argued that the leader was accountable to God himself and therefore he would base his decisions on what was good for the state, and not make decisions based upon personal benefit or preference.

- 1. The idea detailed in the source above best defines:
 - A) parliamentary democracy
 - B) a theocracy
 - C) divine right
 - D) equality rights
- 2. The idea shared above was used by Kings in an era known as:
 - A. absolutism
 - B. imperialism
 - C. enlightenment
 - D. democracy

3. Louis XVI's purpose in summoning the Estates-General in 1789 was to

- A) draft a new constitution.
- B) choose a new king.
- C) make a treaty of alliance with the United States.
- D) consider the question of government debt.

Use the following information to answer questions 4 to 7.

A	ВС	D	
WEALTH AND SI GROUP B ALSO GROUP C HAS I OF GROUP D. F	PIRITUAL INFLUENCE. THEY A HAVE THESE FREEDOMS AND NCREASING WEALTH. BUT IS	RUN THE COUNTRY AND CO ARE ALSO FREE FROM ANY KIND O MAY BE CONSIDERED THE SIMIL STILL CONSIDERED BY MOST TO ER WEALTH NOR FREEDOMS. TI , GROUPS A AND B.	OF TAXES OR OBLIGATIONS. AR IN STATURE TO GROUP 1. D BE THE FORTUNATE MEMBERS
	r structure to the one ons known as, and for the	outlined above existed in pree following:	re-revolutionary France
B) the C) the	'Old Regime' and absolu 'New Regime' and const 'Old Regime' and consti 'New Regime' and absol	itutional monarchy tutional monarchy	
5. In pre-r	5. In pre-revolutionary France <i>Group A</i> would have been called and comprised of:		
-	First Estate / nobility Second Estate / middle	•	ond Estate / clergy t Estate / clergy
6. In pre-revolutionary France Group B would have been called and comprised of:			led and comprised of:
	First Estate / nobility Third Estate / middle cla		ond Estate / clergy ond Estate / nobility
7. In pre-re	evolutionary France <i>Gro</i>	ups C and D would have be	een called and comprised of
-	First Estate and nobility Third Estate and bourge Second Estate and clerg	eoisie	

- A) bar representatives of the clergy and nobility.
- B) please the king.
- C) create a body committed to reforming the country.
- D) secure additional representatives from the bourgeoisie

Use the following quotes to answer questions 9 - 11

"I'd been thinking about the Canadian landscape, and then suddenly – craaaaack!- in my head I was racing across Canada at a thousand kilometers a second: over the mountains that made the pioneers despair, across the prairies that will remain flat until it goes supernova, over the rocks and roots of Ontario and Quebec – and then down to the lunar gorges of Newfoundland... I was unable to move and saw a lucid flashing sequence of my life in this country: the weather, soil, the plant life and animals... I was connecting with something vast – connecting with the people with whom I've ever shared the land."

Douglas Coupland

"These mountains are our temples, our sanctuaries, and our resting places. They are a place of hope, a place of vision, a place of refuge, a very special and holy place where the Great Spirit speaks with us. These mountains are our sacred places."

Chief John Snow

9. The strongest theme found in Douglas Coupland's quote would be that of:

A. self-determination

C. regionalism

B. patriotism

D. Western alienation

10. The quote from Chief John Snow would best exemplify the ideas of one who would argue in favour of:

A. spirituality

C. increased levels of globalization

B. nationalism

D. regional sovereignty

11. Both speaker's acknowledge a link between:

- A. cultural nationalism and spirituality
- B. geography and identity
- C. spiritual beliefs and identity
- D. civic nationalism and geographic nationalism

12. Which of the following would be the best example of the term "civic nation"?

- A. The Canadian Nation
- B. The Tibetan Nation
- C. The Blackfoot Nation
- D. They are ALL best described as civic nations

13. From Question 12, which would be better defined as "ethnic nations"?

- A. A and B
- B. A and C
- C. B and C
- D. They are ALL best described as ethnic nations

Use the following quote to answer question 14

We will overthrow the king and we hate those #@\$%& nobles! We refuse to use any word associated with nobility. So instead of calling each other 'monsieur' or 'madame', we call

each other 'citizen' or 'comrade'. We will further our cause by breaking into the prison and murdering those awaiting trial. Justice is too long in coming!				
t likely to speak the words	above would be:			
	C) a monarchist D) a Catholic bishop			
Use the following quote to answer question 15-16				
 i. "Canada is the greatest nation in this country" ii. "Canada is a country built against any common geographic, historic, or cultural sense" iii. "A Canadian is someone who keeps asking the question, 'What is a Canadian?" 				
ation with a Strong Sense o				
16. Which quote best addresses the multiple interpretations of 'nationhood'?				
	C. iii. D. they all do			
raphic location ences and beliefs culture	ense of nationalism that formed was mostly			
	trial. Justice is too long in a likely to speak the words ce ce following quote to answers to nation in this country" built against any common gone who keeps asking the quote for these quotes would be: United! of Contending Loyalties in Cation with a Strong Sense of have a Collective Conscious addresses the multiple interest and heliefs			

The bourgeoisie wanted a more of a political voice Α. В. Flour and bread shortages The bourgeoisies' treatment of the Third Estate C. Spending habits of the monarchy D. 19. Which of the following events was seen more as a symbolic attack on the Old Regime than a military victory? A. The March to Versailles B. The beheading of Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette C. The Tennis Court Oath D. The Storming of the Bastille 20. Which of the following events produced the greatest feelings of Western alienation? A. The Oka Crisis B. The National Energy Program C. Bill 101 D. The 1995 Quebec Referendum on Sovereignty Bill 101 in Quebec is a good example to explore which of the following understandings of a nation? A. Spiritual C. Linguistic B. Religious Geographic D. 22. Which of the following events likely had the least impact on the development of tension between French-English relations in Canada? A. FLQ Crisis, 1970 B. Conscription Crisis in World War II, 1944 C. Quebec Referendum, 1995 D. Confederation, 1867 Use the following information to answer question 23. The attack on the Bastille in Paris on July 14, 1789, is often sited as the spark that ignited a revolution. 23. Which event in the history of the United States of America would be most comparable to the one outlined in the source? A. Vietnam War C. Boston Tea party B. Assassination of Lincoln World War I D.

18. Which of the following was **NOT** a major cause of the Revolution of 1789 in France?

Use the following information to answer question 24.

The oil sands are the most important resource in our country. However, they clearly belong to the people of Alberta, not the federal government of Canada!

- 24. The source displays a perspective that stresses:
 - A. Regional loyalty over national loyalty
 - B. Family loyalty over provincial loyalty
 - C. Religious loyalty over family loyalty
 - D. Political loyalty over spiritual loyalty
- 25. In the context of Canada, the best word to help explain the concept of <u>pluralism</u> would be:
 - A. Federalism
 - B. Loyalty

- C. Sovereignty
- D. Multiculturalism

Use the following cartoon to answer question 26.



- 26. In order to reflect the main message of the cartoon, the best title would be:
 - A. "A Battle for the Symbols of Canada"
 - B. "First Nations Reconciliation"
 - C. "The Battle on the Plains of Abraham"
 - D. "Contending Nationalist Loyalties"