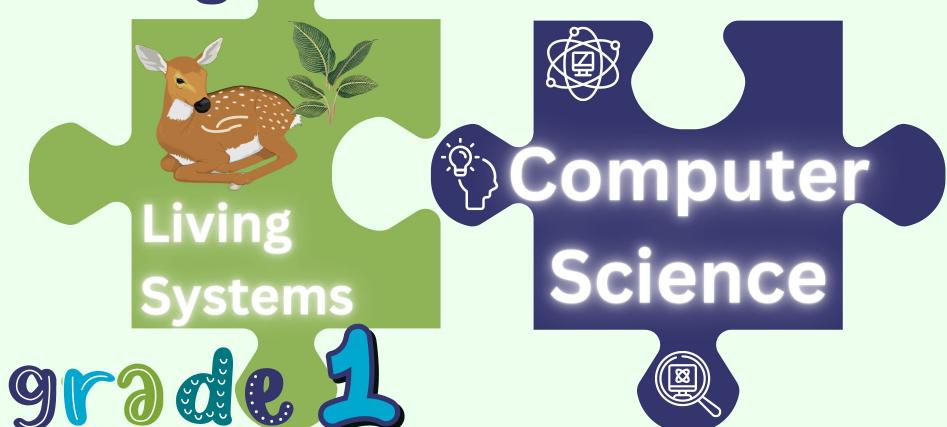
# Making Connections



| Organizing Idea  | Computer Science: Problem solving and scientific inquiry are developed through the knowledgeable application of creativity, design, and computational thinking. |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Guiding Question   | How can instructions be used?   |  |  |
| Learning Outcome   | Children interpret instructions in various environments.  |  |  |
| Knowle   | dge   | Understanding  | Skills & Procedures  |
| Instructions are directions that can be followed and given in various forms, including  • verbal  • audio  • visual  • written   |   | The form in which instructions are given may not affect the outcome.   | Follow instructions with two or three steps given in different forms.  |
| Many types of instructions need to be in a specific order, such as • directions • recipes • computer programs • safety protocols |   | Instructions are ordered in a way that will produce a desired outcome. | Determine if instructions with two or three steps given in different orders still produce the desired outcome.  Sequence two or three instruction steps to achieve a desired outcome.  Exchange ideas for creating three-step instructions that achieve a desired outcome. |
| Following instructions is a ware respect and safety during inv   |   | Instructions help to keep people safe.                                 | Follow instructions during investigations.   |



### Design Thinking Process



Learn About Your Audience



Brainstorm and
Come up with
Creative Solutions



Prototype

Test Your Ideas

Empathize

Construct Point of View Based on User Needs

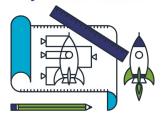
Define

*Ideate* 

Build Representation of Your Ideas

Test





Computational Thinking

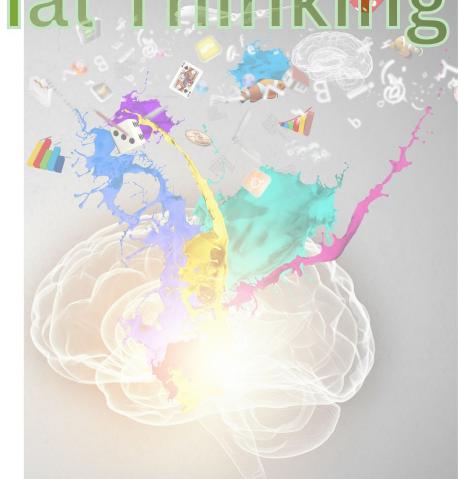
**Decomposition** 



**Pattern Recognition** 

**Pattern Abstraction** 

**Algorithm Design** 



## Creativity

Finding different ways to reach the same outcome.

Problem solving to overcome obstacles to achieve a desired outcome.



| Organizing Idea   | Living Systems: Understandings of the living world, Earth, and space are deepened by investigating natural systems and their interactions. |                        |  |
|---|--|------------------------|--|
| Guiding Question  | How do plants and animals survive?   |                        |  |
| Learning Outcome  | Students investigate and examine needs of plants and animals.  |                        |  |
| Skills & Procedures   |  | Computational Thinking |  |
| Observe and describe similarities and differences between plants and animals. |  | Computational Thinking |  |
|   |  | Decomposition          |  |
| •   |  | Pattern Recognition    |  |
|   |  | Pattern Abstraction    |  |
|   |  |                        |  |
|   |  |                        |  |













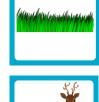
















































































#### **ANIMALS**

#### **PLANTS**











































































| Organizing Idea   | Living Systems: Understandings of the living world, Earth, and space are deepened by investigating natural systems and their interactions. |                        |  |
|---|--|------------------------|--|
| Guiding Question  | How do plants and animals survive?   |                        |  |
| Learning Outcome  | Students investigate and examine needs of plants and animals.  |                        |  |
| Skills & Pr   | ocedures   | Computational Thinking |  |
| Observe and describe similarities and differences between plants and animals. |  | Computational Ininking |  |
|   |  | Decomposition          |  |
| between plants  | and animais.   | Pattern Recognition    |  |
|   |  | Pattern Abstraction    |  |
|   |  | Algorithm Design       |  |
|   |  |                        |  |

#### **FOOD**

#### **NOT FOOD**

















If it is a plant AND we eat it.

























If it is a plant AND we don't eat it.

| Organizing Idea                                       | Living Systems: Understandings of the living world, Earth, and space are deepened by investigating natural systems and their interactions. |                        |  |
|---|--|------------------------|--|
| Guiding Question                                      | How do plants and animals survive?   |                        |  |
| Learning Outcome                                      | Students investigate and examine needs of plants and animals.  |                        |  |
| Represent plants and animals in various environments. |  | Computational Thinking |  |
|   |  | Computational minking  |  |
|   |  | Decomposition          |  |
|   |  | Pattern Recognition    |  |
|   |  | Pattern Abstraction    |  |
|   |  | Algorithm Design       |  |

#### **Same Needs**

- food
- water
- air
- shelter



































- forests
- prairies
- lakes
- rivers
- mountains



































| Organizing Idea                                    | Living Systems: Understandings of the living world, Earth, and space are deepened by investigating natural systems and their interactions. |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| Guiding Question                                   | How do plants and animals survive?   |   |  |
| Learning Outcome                                   | Students investigate and examine needs of plants and animals.  |   |  |
| Represent plan<br>animals in vari<br>environments. | nts and<br>ous   | Computational Thinking Decomposition Pattern Recognition Pattern Abstraction Algorithm Design |  |
|  |  |   |  |

